3.—Wholesale Sales, by Kind of Business, 1957-61

Note.—Includes only wholesalers proper, i.e., firms performing the function of buying merchandise on their own account for resale.

Kind of Business	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961
	\$'000,000	\$'000,000	\$'000,000	\$'000,000	\$'000,000
Fresh fruits and vegetables	237.2	263.5	279.5	288.4	294.0
Groceries and food specialties.		1,385.1	1,544.5	1,649.7	1,736.0
Meat and dairy products		175.0	171.3	165.0	176.5
Clothing and furnishings		123.6	120.0	116.1	114.7
Footwear	30.9	33.5	37.1	38.0	39.3
Other textile and clothing accessories	186.3	198.2	211.5	204.6	206.6
Drugs and drug sundries	184.7	198.5	216.6	221.9	235.0
Household electrical appliances	161.3	166.4	181.4	182.7	209.3
Farm machinery	56.1	68.5	84.9	73.0	71.4
Coal and coke		163.6	155.9	153.3	136.9
Hardware	315.2	308.8	317.6	327.1	341.9
Construction materials and supplies including lumber	779.6	825.2	964.4	877.6	902.2
Industrial and transportation equipment and supplies	796.4	709.0	779.7	748.1	757.1
Commercial, institutional and service equipment and supplies	105.1	109.3	130.2	137.4	143.3
Automotive parts and accessories	342.1	363.9	407.9	414.8	412.6
Newsprint, paper and paper products	251.8	241.9	262.8	276.4	290.5
Tobacco, confectionery and soft drinks	635.8	679.2	723.4	741.1	761.0
Other		1,892.5	2,163.9	2,149.3	2,068.8
Totals, All Trades	7,691.5	7,985.7	8,752.6	8,764.5	8,897.1

Subsection 3.—Retail Trade

The trend of retail trade is one of the best general indicators of the economic condition of the country. It is through retail stores that most goods are ultimately sold and such sales reflect the financial strength of the consumer except in times of short supply. The estimated value of retail sales increased by 105.9 p.c. during the period 1949-62. Estimates, not adjusted for price changes, are shown by province in Table 4 for 1930, 1941 and 1951-62 and by kind of business for the latest five years in Table 5.

4.—Retail Trade, by Province, 1930, 1941 and 1951-62

Nors.—Figures for 1931-40 are given in the 1957-58 Year Book, p. 938 and those for 1942-50 in the 1962 edition, p. 870.

Year	Atlantic Provinces ¹	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia ²	Canada ³
	\$'000,000	\$'000,000	\$'000,000	\$'000,000	\$'000,000	\$'000,000	\$'000,000	\$'000,000
1930	197	646	1,091	188	188	175	251	2,736
1941	279	820	1,388	193	189	228	318	3,415
1951	982 1.018	2,443 2,635 2,756 2,798 3,006	4,130 4,383 4,616 4,634 5,115	610 651 677 637 669	659 764 845 758 748	854 939 987 964 1,035	1,100 1,177 1,228 1,249 1,412	10,693 11,532 12,128 12,066 13,112
1956 1957 1958 1959 1960	1,234 1,290 1,362 1,430	3,322 3,521 3,647 3,878 3,944 4,183	5,499 5,663 5,934 6,218 6,313	700 726 754 813 843	812 855 914 951 938	1,159 1,211 1,275 1,355 1,366	1,594 1,616 1,631 1,707 1,668	14,298 14,826 15,444 16,284 16,502
1962»	1,501	4,444	6,551	858	905 963	1,401 1,471	1,665 1,784	16,777 17,571

Newfoundland included from 1949.
Includes the Yukon and Northwest Territories.
are not the exact addition of the components because of rounding of the figures.